

RUSH COUNTY: Key Data Points

- The county observes a noticeably higher percentage of women delivering low birth weight babies compared to the state, 5.1 versus 7.9 respectively
- A lower percentage of mothers are breastfeeding on discharge compared to the state of Indiana overall (57.1% versus 63.2%, respectively)
- Rush county witnessed 10 accidental deaths (5 of which were motor vehicle), and 1 suicidal death

Note: All figures relate to 2003 data from the Indiana State Department of Health, unless otherwise specified

Figure 1. Births

	Total		White		Black		Other	
	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*
Rush County	217	12	215	12.2	2	15.4(U)	0	0(U)
INDIANA	86,382	13.9	75,422	13.7	9,288	17.5	1,672	10.6

* births per 1,000 population; U = unstable rate, based on fewer than 20 births

Figure 2. Mortality

		NUMBER				RATE*		
COUNTY OF RESIDENCE	REPORTED RACE/ ETHNICITY	Live Births	Infant Deaths (< 1 yr)	Neonatal Deaths (< 28 days)	Post Neonatal Deaths (28-364 days)	Infant Deaths (< 1 yr)	Neonatal Deaths (< 28 days)	Post Neonatal Deaths (28-364 days)
RUSH	All Races	217	2	1	1	**	**	**
	White	215	2	1	1	**	**	**
	Black	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Hispanic	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
INDIANA	All Races	86,382	641	417	224	7.4	4.8	2.6
	White	75,422	479	309	170	6.4	4.1	2.3
	Black	9,288	148	98	50	15.9	10.6	5.4
	Other	1,672	14	10	4	**	**	**
	Hispanic	6,763	38	22	16	5.6	3.3	**

*rate per 1,000 live births **Numerator is less than 20 and the rate is unstable

Figure 3. Outcome Indicators of Mother, by Race

		Birth Weight				During Pregnancy		
RUSH COUNTY	Total Births	% Low (< 2500 grams)	% Very Low (< 1500 grams)	% Preterm †	% PNC 1st Trimester ‡	% Alcohol	% Smoked	% Unmarried Parents
All Races	217	5.1	0.9	11.1	84.8	0	27.6(S)	32.7
White	215	5.1	0.9	11.2	84.7	0	27.9	32.6
Black	2	**	**	**	**	**	**	**

		Birth Weight				During Pregnancy		
INDIANA	Total Births	% Low (< 2500 grams)	% Very Low (< 1500 grams)	% Preterm †	% PNC 1st Trimester ‡	% Alcohol	% Smoked	% Unmarried Parents
All Races	86,382	7.9	1.4	9.9	80.6	0.6	18.5	37.1
White	75,422	7.2	1.2	9.5	82.1	0.6	19.1	32.6
Black	9,288	13.3	3.3	13.3	68.2	1.1	15.2	76.3

† Preterm: less than 37 weeks gestation

‡ PNC: Prenatal Care

'S' Significantly different than the state percent

(***) Outcomes for this county are suppressed due to 20 or fewer total births

Figure 4. Breastfeeding

RUSH COUNTY	All Races	White	Black
Total Births	217	215	2
Breastfeeding on Discharge	124	123	1
% Breastfeeding on Discharge	57.1	57.2	50

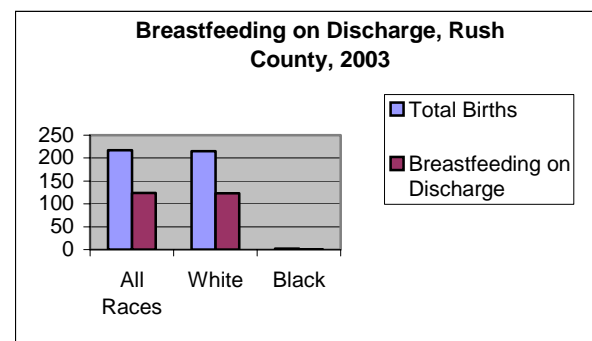


Figure 4. Breastfeeding

INDIANA	<i>All Races</i>	<i>White</i>	<i>Black</i>
Total Births	86,382	75,422	9,288
Breastfeeding on Discharge	54,636	49,385	3,959
% Breastfeeding on Discharge	63.2	65.5	42.6

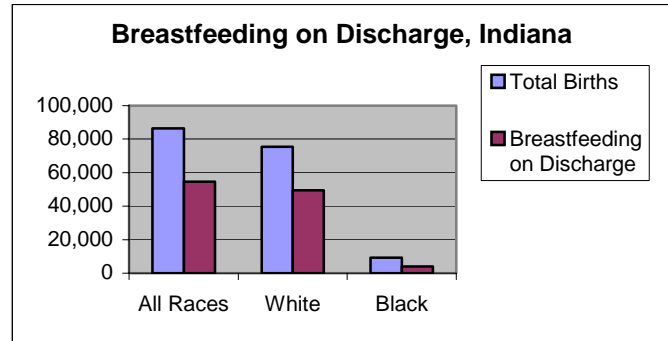


Figure 5. HIV/AIDS

	Total # of AIDS cases reported since 1982*	Total # of HIV cases reported since 1985*
RUSH COUNTY	8	5
INDIANA	7,641	3,856

*data gathered from June 2005 HIV/STD Quarterly Report

Figure 6. Nutritional Risk Factors by Status,
Indiana WIC Clinics, Quarter Ending 09/30/2004

Local Agency: Dunn Mental Health Center							
Counties Included: Wayne, Rush, Union, Fayette, Franklin							
Risk Factor or Status	Children 1-5 years of Age					Total	% within Agency
	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Other		
Overweight	97	6	3	0	3	109	7.2%
At Risk for becoming Overweight	80	6	7	0	2	95	6.3%
Local Agency: State Wide							
Counties Included: All							
Risk Factor or Status	Children 1-5 years of Age					Total	% within Agency
	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Other		
Overweight	1,732	445	800	12	97	3,086	4.8%
At Risk for becoming Overweight	2,023	485	639	11	124	3,282	5.1%

Priority Issues (Rush & Indiana)			
Demographics: Percentage of population enrolled in Medicaid, Percentage of population enrolled in Food Stamps.		Rush	Indiana
2	% of Population enrolled in Medicaid as of June 2003	11.9	12.4
3	% of Population in Food Stamps Program, 2004	6.5	8.6
Priority #1 (pregnancy outcomes): Average Infant Mortality Rate, Average Fetal death Rate		Rush	Indiana
1	Av Total Infant Death Rate (1993-2002)	NS	8.1
2	Average Fetal Death Rate (1994-2003)	5.2	6.7
Priority #2 (reduce barriers): Health Professional Shortage Areas, Percentage of women with prenatal care in first trimester		Rush	Indiana
1	Scores for Primary Care Health Professional Shortage Areas (HPSAs) (2005)	3	NA
2	% PNC 1st Trimester†, 2003	84.8	80.6
Priority #4 (environmental): Prevalence of asthma, Childhood lead poisoning		Rush	Indiana
1	Prevalence of Asthma in a Medicaid Cohort of Children age 0-17 years, 2003	8.7	10.4
2	%Estimated Lead Blood Levels (%EBLL) for Children under 6 years old FY 2004-2005	NA	2.1
Priority #5 (tobacco): Percentage of mothers who smoked during pregnancy, Percentage of Adult Smoking		Rush	Indiana
1	% of mothers Smoked During Pregnancy, 2003	27.6	18.5
2	% of Adult Smoking in 2003	28	29.3
Priority #7 (adolescent risk behaviors): Adolescent deaths due to motor vehicle accidents, Chlamydia rates (ages 15-24).		Rush	Indiana
1	Number of Adolescent (15-24) deaths due to Motor vehicle accidents (2001-2003)	3	748
2	Chlamydia rates per 100,000 county specific population (15-24yrs of Age)	433.46	1541.49
Priority #8 (obesity): Obesity in pregnant women		Rush	Indiana
1	Number of Obese Pregnant Women In Indiana, 2003	3	2,496
Priority #9 (domestic violence, childhood injury): Child deaths due to Injury, Child abuse and neglect rates		Rush	Indiana
1	Child deaths due to Injury 1-14yrs (2001-2003)	1	257
2	Child Abuse and Neglect per 1,000 Population under age 18, 2004	7.4	13.5
Priority #10 (To improve racial and ethnic disparities in women of childbearing age, mothers, and children's health outcomes): Percentage of Hispanic Population of any Race, LBW Disparity Ratio		Rush	Indiana
1	% of Hispanic Population of any Race, July,1,2004	0.6	4.3
2	Low Birth Weight Disparity Ratio (B/W) (1993-2002)	NS	1.92
Source: Data Analysis Team, ISDH. Notes: 1. NS= Not Stable 2. NA = Not Available 3. Infant Mortality rate and Fetal Death rate is for 1000 live births. 4. Low Birth Weight: Birth Weight Less than 2,500grams. 5. HPSA Score ranges 1 – 25. The higher the score, the higher the need. 6. EBLL: Ten (10) micrograms of lead per deciliter of whole blood for one venous test; %EBLL is based on screening rate of 27% Statewide, unduplicated kids 7. Obesity in Pregnant Women determined by "Concurrent Illness Obesity" checkbox on the birth certificate 8. PNC percentages are calculated using total births in each county.			

